

GENERAL

Growing Up in Unstable Times: The Hidden Toll of Geopolitics on Child Health

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In today's world, a child waking up in Gaza, Ukraine, or Sudan hears drones instead of birds. Another child, on a different continent, absorbs fear from their parents watching the news, internalizing the tension in their voices. The modern geopolitical landscape — marked by war, displacement, economic sanctions, and political instability — is shaping a generation. And the ones most affected often have the least say: our children.

As global conflicts escalate and social fabric unravels in many regions, children's physical and mental health is increasingly under siege. This article explores how today's geopolitical climate is influencing the lives of children around the world — and why this should be an urgent priority for all of us.

1. Conflict and War: A Direct Assault on Childhood

Armed conflicts are at their highest levels in recent decades, with over **450 million children** — nearly 1 in 6 worldwide — living in conflict zones in 2023, according to UNICEF [1].

Children caught in wars face:

- **Malnutrition and hunger** due to destroyed food systems and blockades
- **Physical injuries** from bombings, landmines, and military raids
- **Psychological trauma** that can result in PTSD, anxiety, and developmental delays

A 2021 study published in *The Lancet* found that children exposed to prolonged conflict environments exhibit long-term cognitive and emotional difficulties, especially when access to supportive services is limited [2].

2. Refugee Crisis and Displacement: Health on the Margins

As of 2024, over **43.3 million children** were forcibly displaced due to conflict, climate change, and persecution [3]. Refugee children often lack consistent access to:

- Vaccination programs
- Clean water and sanitation
- Safe housing
- Education and psychological support

These deficits can severely impair immune development, growth, and learning. For example, the World Health Organization reports that refugee children are at higher risk of **measles outbreaks**, anemia, and **stunting** due to interrupted healthcare [4].

3. Economic Sanctions and Poverty: The Invisible War

Geopolitical tools like **economic sanctions** may avoid physical violence but can lead to deep public health crises. In countries like Venezuela, Iran, and North Korea, sanctions have contributed to medication shortages, inflation, and food insecurity. Children are especially vulnerable to these ripple effects.

A study in *BMJ Global Health* found that child mortality increased in Iraq during the 1990s largely due to sanctions that restricted medical and nutritional imports [5].

Even in non-conflict countries, inflation and economic instability caused by geopolitical shocks (like the war in Ukraine or strained China-U.S. relations) are causing **mental health issues, food insecurity, and educational regression** among children in low-income families.

4. Climate Injustice: A New Battlefield for Children

The climate crisis, now intertwined with political inaction and corporate interest, disproportionately affects children. More than 1 billion children live in “extremely high-risk” countries for climate-related disasters like drought, flooding, and heatwaves [6].

These environmental shifts lead to:

- Rising malnutrition due to drought-induced crop failures
- Water-borne diseases in flood-prone areas
- Forced migration and “climate refugee” status
- Psychological distress linked to eco-anxiety and loss of community

When geopolitics hinder global cooperation on climate, children pay the price with their future.

5. Mental Health: The Silent Crisis

Perhaps the most invisible effect of geopolitical instability is the **mental health toll** on children. A child doesn’t need to live in a war zone to feel its impact. Fear, uncertainty, loss, and instability affect emotional development.

Key stats:

- The WHO reports that **one in seven adolescents** globally experiences a mental health disorder [7].
- Rates of **child depression, anxiety, and self-harm** have increased significantly since 2020, especially in communities facing prolonged instability, inequality, or displacement [8].

Moreover, stigma, lack of resources, and political neglect mean that most children don’t receive adequate mental health support.

Conclusion: A Moral and Medical Emergency

The health of the world’s children is not just a humanitarian issue – it’s a **geopolitical one**. Every conflict, decision, or delay in diplomacy echoes in the life of a child somewhere. Whether it’s a missed vaccination, a lost parent, an untreated wound, or a night spent hungry and afraid, the consequences are lifelong.

Children are remarkably resilient, but that resilience should not be tested by bombs, borders, or politics. It should be nurtured through stability, healthcare, education, and peace.

If we truly want a more peaceful, equitable world, then protecting our children, not just in words but in policy, aid, and action, must be where we begin.

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no competing interests.

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